

# Smith Chart Derivation

V1. September 15, 2013

V2. October 28, 2014



Phillip H. Smith (1905 -1987)

Consider the reflection coefficient ( lossless case )

$$\Gamma(z) = \frac{V_0^-}{V_0^+} e^{j2\beta z} = |\Gamma| e^{j2\beta z}$$

It is a complex number

$$\Gamma = |\Gamma| \angle \theta = \Gamma_R + j\Gamma_I$$

Recall that  $\Gamma$  can be expressed as  $Z_L$ ,  $Z_0$

$$\Gamma = \frac{Z_L - Z_0}{Z_L + Z_0}$$

Define *normalized load impedance*  $z_L$

$$z_L = \frac{Z_L}{Z_0}$$

Thus

$$\Gamma = \frac{z_L - 1}{z_L + 1}$$

Express  $z_L$  as  $\Gamma$

$$z_L = \frac{1 + \Gamma}{1 - \Gamma} = \frac{1 + \Gamma_R + j\Gamma_I}{1 - \Gamma_R - j\Gamma_I}$$

Rationalize

$$z_L = \frac{1 - \Gamma_R^2 - \Gamma_I^2 + j2\Gamma_I}{(1 - \Gamma_R)^2 + \Gamma_I^2}$$

The normalized load impedance is also a complex number

$$z_L = z_R + jz_I$$

The  $z_R$  is the normalized load resistance, while  $z_I$  is the normalized load reactance, thus

$$z_R = \frac{1 - \Gamma_R^2 - \Gamma_I^2}{(1 - \Gamma_R)^2 + \Gamma_I^2} \quad z_I = \frac{2\Gamma_I}{(1 - \Gamma_R)^2 + \Gamma_I^2}$$

This two equations are circle equations. The following will illustrate how to obtain the 2 circle equations

$$\begin{aligned} z_R &= \frac{1 - \Gamma_R^2 - \Gamma_I^2}{(1 - \Gamma_R)^2 + \Gamma_I^2} \\ \iff z_R \left[ (1 - \Gamma_R)^2 + \Gamma_I^2 \right] &= 1 - \Gamma_R^2 - \Gamma_I^2 \end{aligned}$$

$$\iff z_R - 2z_R\Gamma_R + z_R\Gamma_R^2 + z_R\Gamma_I^2 = 1 - \Gamma_R^2 - \Gamma_I^2$$

$$\iff z_R - 1 - 2z_R\Gamma_R + (1+z_R)\Gamma_R^2 + (1+z_R)\Gamma_I^2 = 0$$

$$\iff \frac{z_R - 1}{1+z_R} - \frac{2z_R\Gamma_R}{1+z_R} + \Gamma_R^2 + \Gamma_I^2 = 0$$

$$\begin{aligned} &\iff \underbrace{\frac{z_R - 1}{1+z_R}}_{\text{Become}} - \underbrace{\left(\frac{z_R}{1+z_R}\right)^2}_{\text{Completing square}} + \underbrace{\left(\frac{z_R}{1+z_R}\right)^2}_{\text{Become}} - \frac{2z_R\Gamma_R}{1+z_R} + \Gamma_R^2 + \Gamma_I^2 = 0 \\ &\iff \frac{-1}{(1+z_R)^2} + \left(\Gamma_R - \frac{z_R}{1+z_R}\right)^2 + \Gamma_I^2 = 0 \end{aligned}$$

$$\iff \left(\Gamma_R - \frac{z_R}{1+z_R}\right)^2 + \Gamma_I^2 = \left(\frac{1}{1+z_R}\right)^2$$

Circle with center  $\left(\frac{z_R}{1+z_R}, 0\right)$ , radius  $\frac{1}{1+z_R}$

$$z_I = \frac{2\Gamma_I}{(1-\Gamma_R)^2 + \Gamma_I^2}$$

$$\iff (1-\Gamma_R)^2 + \Gamma_I^2 = \frac{2\Gamma_I}{z_I}$$

$$\iff (\Gamma_R - 1)^2 + \Gamma_I^2 - \frac{2\Gamma_I}{z_I} + \underbrace{\frac{1}{z_I^2} - \frac{1}{z_I^2}}_{\text{Completing square}} = 0$$

$$\iff (1-\Gamma_R)^2 + \left(\Gamma_I - \frac{1}{z_I}\right)^2 = \frac{1}{z_I^2}$$

Circle with center  $\left(1, \frac{1}{z_I}\right)$ , radius  $\frac{1}{z_I}$

## Summary

Normalized load resistance : Circle with center  $\left(\frac{z_R}{1+z_R}, 0\right)$ , radius  $\frac{1}{1+z_R}$

Normalized load reactance : Circle with center  $\left(1, \frac{1}{z_I}\right)$ , radius  $\frac{1}{z_I}$

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