

# Stirling's Approximation of $\ln N!$

March 21, 2013

For **large**  $N$  :

$$\ln N! \simeq N \ln N - N$$

*Proof.* First,

$$\ln N! = \ln N(N-1)\dots 1 = \ln N + \ln(N-1) + \dots + \ln 1 = \sum_{n=1}^N \ln n$$

Consider

$$\begin{aligned} \sum_{n=1}^N \ln n \Delta n &= \sum_{n=1}^N N \ln n \frac{\Delta n}{N} \\ &= \sum_1^N N \ln \left( \frac{nN}{N} \right) \Delta \frac{n}{N} = \sum_1^N N \left( \ln \frac{n}{N} + \ln N \right) \Delta \frac{n}{N} = \sum_1^N \left( N \ln \frac{n}{N} + N \ln N \right) \Delta \frac{n}{N} \end{aligned}$$

Take the limit  $N \rightarrow \infty$ ,  $\Delta \frac{n}{N} = dx$

$$\begin{aligned} &= \int_{\frac{1}{N}}^1 (N \ln x + N \ln N) dx \\ &= \int_{\frac{1}{N}}^1 N \ln x dx + N \ln N \int_{\frac{1}{N}}^1 dx \\ &= N [x \ln x - x]_{\frac{1}{N}}^1 + N \ln N \left[ 1 - \frac{1}{N} \right] = [-N + \ln N + 1] + [N \ln N - \ln N] \\ &= N \ln N - N + 1 \end{aligned}$$

Hence, for **large**  $N$

$$\ln N! \approx N \ln N - N$$

–END–

□